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201810-XLS-SOCI/PSCI-247 Environmental Social Science I

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- Syllabus
- **Environmental News**

Post news stories relevant to the week's readings. Always comment on your news and relate it to themes or other readings that we have discussed in the course.

- Weekly questions
- **Participation Grades**
- Essay
- **Essay format**
- Citation Style (ASA)
- **Avoiding Plagiarism**
- **Announcements**

1 - Nature: Natural "Man"? -- September 5-7

Required Reading:

• Cronon, William. 1983. "Seasons of Want and Plenty." Pp. 34-53 in Changes in the Land. New York: Hill and Wang.

Concepts: nature, wilderness, natural 'man', adapting to vs transforming natural cycles, projecting cultural constructs upon nature, carrying capacity, the local, environmental adaptation \rightarrow social organization: division of labour, social equality, diversity /homogeneity, consumption vs accumulation, steady-state economy, population growth /stability

Questions:

- Is there a natural relationship between humans and the environment?
- Are we estranged from nature?
- When humans alter nature, is it no longer nature?
- Should we try to get "back to nature"? If so, how close could we come to that ideal?
- Do we project our cultural ideals on to nature? If so, what are those cultural ideals?

Recommended Reading:

• Fletcher, Robert. 2015. "Nature Is a Nice Place to Save but I Wouldn't Want to Live There: Environmental Education and the Ecotourist Gaze." Environmental Education Research 21(3):338-50. doi: 10.1080/13504622.2014.993930.



Nature Quiz

This quiz is tailored for those who grew up in southern Canada or the northern US. It measures a particular type of knowledge of and relation to nature. You will not be graded on this quiz.



Climate Change Workbook

This is a tool to help you learn the basics in the debates about climate change. You will not be graded on your first attempt.

2 - Nature: Cultures of Nature - September 12-14

Required Reading:

• Wilson, Alexander. 1992. "Nature at Home: A Social Ecology of Postwar Landscape Design." in The Culture of Nature. Cambridge, MA: Blackwell.

Concepts: culture of nature, modernism, pastoralism, ecological restoration, suburbanization, economies of scale, Green Revolution technologies, commodification of nature images, alienation from nature, gender and nature

Questions:

- Is pastoralism a better culture of nature than modernism? If so, why?
- Are we alienated from nature?
- Is North American culture anti-nature?

Recommended Reading:

3 - Nature: Anthropocene and the End of Nature? - September 19-21

Required Reading:

• Steffen, Will, Paul J. Crutzen and John R. McNeill. 2007. "The Anthropocene: Are Humans Now Overwhelming the Great Forces of Nature?". Ambio 36(8):614-21.

Concepts: Anthropocene, holocene, end of nature, nature vs "the environment", climate change, CO2 concentrations, GHGs, geoengineering, terraforming

Questions:

• Has nature become a human artefact? Is it an extension of the built environment?

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- Can we control nature at the planetary scale? How does this idea affect our cultural conception of nature?
- Does environmentalism involve saving the human environment (for humans) or saving the natural environment? How much of non-human nature would we be willing to sacrifice to save the human environment?

Recommended Reading:

4 - Scarcity Paradigm: Population and Food - September 25-28

Required Reading:

• Harper, Charles L. 2004. "Population, Environment and Food." in Environment and Society Human Perspectives on Environmental Issues. Upper Saddle River, N.J: Pearson Prentice Hall.

Concepts: demographic transition, neo-Malthusianism, scarcity paradigm, agricultural resources, technological substitution, agricultural systems: green revolution, gene revolution, unintended consequences of technological solutions

Questions:

- Is there a global "carrying capacity" for humans in the way that there is for other animals?
- What, if any, resources place absolute limits on food production: soil, fresh water, fossil fuels?
- Will the population level off at around 9 billion by mid-century as many demographers predict?
- Can the world feed 9 billion people equitably and reliably by 2050?

Recommended Reading:

Brown, Lester Russell. 2009. "Population Pressure: Land and Water." in Plan B 4.0 Mobilizing to Save Civilization. New York: W. W. Norton.

5 - Other Species: Ecocentric and AnthropocentricPerspectives - October 3-5

Required Reading:

- Challenger, Melanie. 2011. "Beginnings: Natural History Museum, London." in On Extinction: How We Became Estranged from Nature. London: Granta.
- Brannen, Peter. 2017. "Earth Is Not in the Midst of a Sixth Mass Extinction" The Atlantic, June 13. Retrieved August 8, 2017(https://www.theatlantic.com/science/archive/2017/06/the-ends-of-the-world/529545/).

Concepts: biodiversity loss, extinction, the balance of nature, mass extinction, habitat loss, monoculture, companion species, ecocentric: inter-species justice, anthropocentric: ecosystem services

Questions:

• Extinction is part of natural evolution: why should we care if we are causing other species to go extinct?

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- Are other species means to human ends or are they ends-in-themselves?
- Do we have a right to replace wild species with species that we have made either through domestication or genetic engineering?
- Does this process of eliminating wild populations and replacing them with our companion animals deepen our estrangement from nature?

Recommended Reading:

• Duraiappah, Anantha Kumar, Shahid Naeem and et. al. 2005. "Ecosystems and Human Well-Being: Biodiversity Synthesis." in Millennium Ecosystem Assessment, 2005. Washington: World Resources Institute.

6 - Social-Structural Thinking: Risks of Modern Systems -October 10

Required Reading:

 Rosa, Eugene A., Ortwin Renn and Aaron M. McCright. 2014. "Reflexive Modernization Theory and Risk: The Work of Ulrich Beck and Anthony Giddens." in The Risk Society Revisited: Social Theory and Governance. Philadelphia: Temple University Press.

Concepts: risk society, modernization: market, rational state, science /technology, civil society, unintended consequences (negative side effects), reflexive modernization, ecological modernization, globalization of risks, incalculability of risks, unequal distribution of risks, globalization /cosmopolitanism, system-level complexity, organized irresponsibility

Questions:

- Can we rationally and effectively respond to the risks of the 21st century within the modernization paradigm (i.e. does ecological modernization work)?
- Is 21st century modernity still rational? Are we still in control of our systems and their effects?
- Beck relies on civil society ("sub politics") to counter the irrationalities of science/ technology, the
 market and the administrative state. What happens when civil society responses to risk
 themselves become irrational -- as exemplified by contemporary right-wing populism and climate
 change denial?

Recommended Reading:

6.1 - Social-Structural Thinking: Nuclear Technologies -October 12

Required Reading:

- Funabashi, Harutoshi. 2012. "Why the Fukushima Nuclear Disaster Is a Man-Made Calamity." International Journal of Japanese Sociology 21(1):65-75. doi: 10.1111/j.1475-6781.2012.01161.x.
- McCurry, Justin. 2017. "Fukushima Nuclear Reactor Radiation at Highest Level since 2011
 Meltdown" The Guardian, February 3. Retrieved August 7, 2017(https://www.theguardian.com/environment/2017/feb/03/fukushima-daiichi-radiation-levels-highest-since-2011-meltdown).

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Concepts: technological substitution, clean energy, risk, system-level complexity, engineering interacting natural /social /technological systems, risk assessment, accountability, civil society

Questions:

- Is nuclear power a good technological solution to the climate change crisis? In other words do the risks of climate change outweigh the risks of nuclear power? Is there a rational, scientific way of assessing the competing risks?
- In what ways does the Fukushima nuclear disaster illustrate Beck's risk society thesis?

Recommended Reading:

7 - Social-Structural Thinking: Agricultural Technologies - October 16 - 19

Required Reading:

• Kerr, Rachel Bezner. 2012. "Lessons from the Old Green Revolution for the New: Social, Environmental and Nutritional Issues for Agricultural Change in Africa." Progress in Development Studies 12(2-3):213-29. doi: 10.1177/146499341101200308.

Concepts: Green revolution, gene revolution, monoculture, pest resistance, herbicide tolerance, eutrophication, agribusiness, food security

Questions:

- What were the unintended ecological consequences of the green revolution?
- How can the social structural realities of class, gender and economic power complicate the outcomes of technological solutions (like Green revolution technologies)?

Recommended Reading:

• Harper, Charles L. 2004. "Population, Environment and Food." in Environment and Society Human Perspectives on Environmental Issues. Upper Saddle River, N.J: Pearson Prentice Hall.

8 - Social-Structural Thinking: Transport Technologies - October 24 - 26

Required Reading:

- Cohen, Maurie J. 2006. "A Social Problems Framework for the Critical Appraisal of Automobility and Sustainable Systems Innovation." Mobilities 1(1):23-38. doi: 10.1080/17450100500489106.
- Walker, Ian and Gustav Bösehans. 2016. "Electric Cars Won't Save Our Cities." The Guardian, January 3. Retrieved August 7, 2017(https://www.theguardian.com/sustainable-business /2016/jan/08/electric-cars-wont-save-our-cities-transport-self-driving-robots).

Concepts: automobility, walkability, urban density vs suburban sprawl, mixed use, the built environment as structural consumption, life-cycle analysis, individualism /privatization

Questions:

• How does the built environment shape the consumption of material resources and the

production of GHGs?

- Can the re-engineering of cars significantly reduce GHGs?
- How can cities encourage a "modal shift" from private cars to public transport to biking to walking?

Recommended Reading:

9 - Individualistic Thinking: Inverted Quarantine - October 31 - November 2

Required Reading:

• Szasz, Andrew. 2006. "Inverted Quarantine: A Kind of "Green" Consuming That Fosters Political Anesthesia." Paper presented at the Sustainable Consumption and Society Conference, June 2-3, 2006, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin.

Concepts: individualistic action vs collective action, consumer vs citizen, green consumerism, sociological imagination, prisoners' dilemma (individual rationality producing collective irrationality), market solutions, social class and environmentalism, neoliberalism

Questions:

- In what ways can individualistic responses to risk increase societal risks?
- Can green consumerism solve environmental problems?
- What are the global class implications of consumer responses to environmental risks?
- In what ways does neoliberalism promote inverted quarantine?

Recommended Reading:

10 - Capitalism and Consumption - November 7 - 9

Required Reading:

• Lintott, John. 2007. "Sustainable Consumption and Sustainable Welfare." in Sustainable Consumption, Ecology and Fair Trade, edited by E. Zaccaï. London: Routledge.

Concepts: human welfare satisfaction vs material consumption, commodified consumption, consumer sovereignty, positional goods, structural overconsumption, privatized consumer vs public citizen, compensatory consumption, free time

Questions:

- Do we consume too much for our own good? If so, then why do we consume too much?
- Do we consume too much for the good of the living world?
- Is it possible to reduce overconsumption within the framework of a capitalist economy? Is it possible to reduce overconsumption within the framework of neoliberal capitalism?
- What is the connection between free time, human welfare and decreased material consumption?

Recommended Reading:

- Kaplan, Jeffrey. 2008. "The Gospel of Consumption." Orion 27(3):38.
- Boulanger, Paul-Marie. 2007. "What's Wrong with Consumption for Sustainable Development:

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Overconsumption, Underconsumption, Misconsumption?" in Sustainable Consumption, Ecology and Fair Trade, edited by E. Zaccaï. London: Routledge.

 Assadourian, Erik. 2012. "The Path to Degrowth in Overdeveloped Countries." in State of the World 2012: Moving toward Sustainable Prosperity: A Worldwatch Institute Report on Progress toward a Sustainable Society, edited by E. Assadourian, L. Starke, M. Renner and Worldwatch Institute. Washington, DC: Island Press.

11 - Capitalism and Overproduction - November 14 - 16

Required Reading:

- Cooper, Tim. 2005. "Slower Consumption: Reflections on Product Life Spans and the "Throwaway Society"." Journal of Industrial Ecology 9(1-2):51-67. doi: 10.1162/1088198054084671.
- Wieser, Harald. 2016. "Beyond Planned Obsolescence: Product Lifespans and the Challenges to a Circular Economy." Gaia 25(3):156-60. doi: 10.14512/gaia.25.3.5.

Concepts: planned obsolescence, logic of capital: overproduction /market expansion /creation of "need", life-cycle analysis, externalities, industrial ecology: waste=food, cradle to cradle, extended producer liability, circular economy, internalizing externalities, full-cost accounting, ecological modernization: a reformed market

Questions:

- Can the circular economy harness the power of profit to reduce overproduction /overconsumption? Is there such a thing as a market solution to these problems?
- Is a growth-based system (capitalism) compatible with a finite planet?
- Is it possible to commodify and internalize all of the costs of a complete product life-cycle? In other words, is it possible to rely on the market to solve environmental problems?
- What additional (state) regulatory framework would be needed to make a circular economy work?

Recommended Reading:

• Hawken, Paul. 1993. "Parking Lots and Potato Heads." in The Ecology of Commerce. New York: Harper Collins.

12 - TBA November 21 - 23

13 - Reflexive Modernization and Anti-Reflexivity - November 28 - 30

Required Reading:

 Dunlap, Riley E. /Aaron M. McCright. 2012. "Organized Climate Change Denial." in The Oxford Handbook of Climate Change and Society, edited by R. B. N. John S. Dryzek, and David Schlosberg. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

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Concepts: Modernization /reflexive modernization /anti-reflexivity; climate change denial; denial machine; front groups; astroturf; systems-level irrationality: corporate, state, civil society; neoliberal ideology

Questions:

- How and why has the market overwhelmed the influence of the other institutions of the modernization project: the administrative state, science /technology, and civil society?
- Has the denial machine succeeded in fatally paralyzing the global response to climate change?
- Are our current societal systems fundamentally irrational and therefore incapable of successfully responding to the environmental challenges of the 21st century?

Recommended Reading: